## Gainford C. E. Primary School PSHE Curriculum Y1-Y6

'Together we Love, Learn and Flourish'

Our intent is to develop children's understanding of our ever-changing world and of how they can contribute to society and live fulfilling, safe, independent and healthy lives.

Implementation is through a three tiered programme of learning that focuses on the importance of respectful relationships – how to establish and maintain these relationships throughout life (Relationships). It is through learning about the importance of healthy minds and bodies, how to recognise when we are not well and know what can contribute to this (Health and Well-being). By taking part in the Archbishop of York Young Leaders' Awards and the elections we have in school, children will learn about local, national and global society and how we are represented and can take part (Living in the Wider World).

PSHE LTP Theme	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Relationships	<ul> <li>Who are my special people and what makes them special?</li> <li>What do my friends do for me?</li> <li>How can I show respect in different situations?</li> <li>What is physical contact?</li> <li>What is my personal data, and how can I keep it safe?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>How do my special people show me they care for me, even through difficult times?</li> <li>How did I choose my friends?</li> <li>If I respect others, will they respect me?</li> <li>What do I do if I meet a stranger?</li> <li>How can I find things safely on the internet?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>What different relationships do I have in my life?</li> <li>Would I like to feel lonely or sad?</li> <li>How can I respect all people at all times?</li> <li>Should I keep secrets, no matter what?</li> <li>How can I show respect online?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Are everyone's families the same as mine?</li> <li>What makes a good friend?</li> <li>What is bullying, and am I responsible if I see it happening?</li> <li>Do I know you?</li> <li>Are people always who they say they are?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Are all of my relationships good for me?</li> <li>How can I repair a friendship?</li> <li>Can I challenge a stereotype?</li> <li>What are boundaries in my relationships?</li> <li>What shall I do if someone is pressuring me to do something I don't want to do?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>What are civil partnerships and marriages?</li> <li>What should I do if a friendship is making me unhappy?</li> <li>How can I respect myself?</li> <li>What can I do if I or someone I know is feeling unsafe?</li> <li>Is everything I see on social media true?</li> </ul>
Health and Well-being	<ul> <li>How do people use the internet?</li> <li>What are harmful substances?</li> <li>How can I stop germs spreading?</li> <li>What are emotions?</li> <li>How does it feel to be lonely?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>How much time should I spend online?</li> <li>Why do we take medicine, and how do we do it safely?</li> <li>What can I do to keep my teeth clean?</li> <li>How do I know if I am happy?</li> <li>Why is teasing people wrong?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Is everything I read on the internet true?</li> <li>What are harmful substances?</li> <li>How can I keep safe in the sun?</li> <li>What is the difference between physical and mental illness?</li> <li>What do I do in my own time that makes me happy?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>How can online behaviour affect people in real life?</li> <li>Why is smoking a bad idea?</li> <li>Am I getting enough sleep?</li> <li>How can exercise help my happiness?</li> <li>Who can I speak to if me or my friend feel unhappy?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>How can what I see on the internet affect me?</li> <li>Is it bad to drink alcohol?</li> <li>What is mental health?</li> <li>How can I keep my mind and my body well?</li> <li>How intense are my feelings?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>What are the rules and laws for being online?</li> <li>What are legal and illegal drugs?</li> <li>What is immunisation and vaccination?</li> <li>What if my emotions don't make sense?</li> </ul>
Living in the Wider World	<ul> <li>Elections: School council/ House captains</li> <li>Our village community</li> <li>Pocket money</li> <li>What I want to be</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Elections: School council/ House captains</li> <li>Archbishop of York Young Leader Awards: local and national community</li> <li>Money</li> <li>What can I be?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Elections: School council/ House captains</li> <li>Archbishop of York Young Leader Awards: local and national community</li> <li>Money</li> <li>What can I be?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Elections: Local and national elections; School council/ House captains</li> <li>Archbishop of York Young Leader Awards: local, national and global community</li> <li>Spend and save</li> <li>What can I be?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Elections: Local and national elections; School council/ House captains</li> <li>Archbishop of York Young Leader Awards: local, national and global community</li> <li>Spend and save</li> <li>What can I be?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Elections: Local and national elections; School council/ House captains</li> <li>Archbishop of York Young Leader Awards: local, national and global community</li> <li>Spend and save</li> <li>What can I be?</li> </ul>

## Relationships Education Y1-Y6

PSHE LTP Theme	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
(1) Families	Families are important for children growing up as they can give love, security and stability.  *Explore belonging to different groups, e.g. school, community.	The characteristics of a healthy family life, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children, the importance of spending time together and sharing in each other's lives.	Stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up.	Other families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different to their family but they should respect those differences and know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care.	How to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed.	Marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be life-long. (Legal age).
	(R9 ) To identify their special people, what makes them special.	(R9) To identify how special people show love and care for one another, even during difficult times.	(R4) To recognise different types of relationships including those between acquaintances, friends, relatives and families.	(R8) To identify and respect the differences and similarities between people.	(R3) To recognise ways in which relationships can be unhealthy and whom to talk to if they need support.	(R5) To understand that civil partnerships and marriage are examples of a public demonstration of the commitment made by to people who love and care for each other.
	Who are my special people and what makes them special?	How do my special people show me they care for me, even during difficult times?	What different relationships do I have in my life?	Are everyone's families the same as mine?	Are all of my relationships good for me?	What are civil partnerships and marriages?
(2) Caring Friendships	How important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure.	How people choose friends.	Healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or sad.	Characteristics of friendships (mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties.	Most friendships have ups and downs. These often can be worked out so that the friendship is repaired and even strengthened. Resorting to violence is never right.	How to recognise who to trust and not to trust, to judge when a friendship is making them unhappy, managing conflict and how to manage these situations and to seek help or advice from others if needed.
	(R9 ) To identify their special people, what makes them special.	(R9) To identify their special people, what makes them special.	(R13) To recognise different types of teasing and bullying and understand these are wrong and unacceptable.	(R2) To recognise what constitutes a positive, healthy relationship and develop skills to form and maintain positive and healthy relationships.	(R12) To develop strategies resolve disputes and conflicts through negotiation and appropriate compromise.	(R3 )To recognise ways in which relationships can be unhealthy and whom to talk to if they need support.
	What do my friends do for me?	How did I choose my friends?	Would I like to feel lonely or sad?	What makes a good friend?	How can I repair a friendship?	What shall I do if a friendship is making me unhappy?

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(3)  Respectful Relationships  Christian values, courtesy and	Practical steps that can be taken in a range of contexts to improve or support respectful relationships.	In school and in wider society they can expect to be treated with respect by others, and in turn they should show due respect to others, including those in position of authority.	The importance of respecting others, even when they are different from them (physically, in character, personality or background, different beliefs).	Different types of bullying, the impact of bullying, responsibilities of bystanders (reporting to an adult) and how to get help.	What a stereotype is and how stereotypes can be unfair, negative or destructive.	The importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness. The importance of permission-seeking and giving in relationships with friends, peers and adults.
manners are identified and promoted. They are celebrated throughout the school.	(R8 )To identify and respect the differences and similarities between people.	(L3) That people and other living things have rights and that everyone has responsibilities to protect those rights.	(R10) To listen and respond respectfully to a wide range of people, to feel confident to raise concerns, to recognise and care about other people's feelings and if necessary constructively challenge others' points of view.	(R14) To realise the nature and consequences of discrimination, teasing bullying and aggressive behaviours (including cyberbullying, use of prejudice-based language, 'trolling', how to respond and ask for help).	(R16) To recognise and challenge stereotypes.	(R21) To understand personal boundaries; to identify what they are willing to share with their most special people; friends/classmates and others; and that we all have rights to privacy.
	How can I show respect in different situations?	If I respect others, will they respect me?	How can I respect all people at all times?	What is bullying and am I responsible if I see it happening?	Can I challenge a stereotype?	How can I respect myself?
(4) Being Safe	That each person's body belongs to them and the difference between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other contact. (Not keeping any secrets that make them uncomfortable or afraid).	How to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts) whom they do not know. – Stranger danger	About the concept of privacy and the implications of it for both children and adults; including that it is not always right to keep secrets if they relate to being safe.	How to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts, including online) whom they do not know.	Boundaries that are appropriate in friendships with peers and others (including in digital context).	How to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult. How to report concerns or abuse and the vocabulary and confidence needed to do so.
	(R10) To judge what kind of physical contact is acceptable, comfortable or unacceptable and uncomfortable and how to respond.	(H15) To recognise that they share a responsibility for keeping themselves and others safe, when to say "Yes No I'll ask I'll tell".	(R9) The concept of keeping something confidential or secret, when they should or should not agree to this and when it's right to break confidence or share a secret.	(H14) To recognise when they need help and to develop the skills to ask for help.	(R21) To understand personal boundaries; to identify what they are willing to share with their special people and others. Rights to privacy. (H25) How to manage requests for images of themselves or others, what is appropriate to ask for or share, who to talk to if they feel uncomfortable.	(H23) About people who are responsible for helping them stay healthy and safe; how they can help these people to keep them healthy and safe.
	What is physical contact?	What do I do if I meet a stranger?	Should I always keep a secret, no matter what?	Do I know you?	What are boundaries in my relationships?	What can I do if me or someone I know feel unsafe?

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(5) Online Relationships	How information and data is shared online. SMART online rules (personal data –name, address, school).	The rules and principles for keeping safe online Searching for images safely, SMART online rules, passwords/parent permission.	That the same principles apply to online relationships as face to face relationships, including the importance of respect for others – even when they are anonymous.	That people sometimes behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they're not. (Recognising risks/harmful content and how to report)	How to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met. (Pressure to behave in unacceptable/risky ways from friends/media)	How to critically consider their online friendships and sources of information including awareness of the risks associated with people they have never met. (Social Media)  (L18) To critically examine what is presented to them in social
	(H12) Rules for ways of keeping physically and emotionally safe including responsible use ICT and online safety.	(H12) Rules for ways of keeping physically and emotionally safe including responsible use ICT and online safety.	(R2/12) To recognise what constitutes a positive, healthy relationship and develop skills to form and maintain them. (consequences of cyberbullying).	(H4) To recognise how images in the media (and online) do not always reflect reality.	(H13) How pressure to behave in unacceptable, unhealthy or risky ways can come from a variety of online sources, including people they know and the media.	media and why it is important to do so; understand how information contained in social media can misrepresent or mislead; being careful what they forward to others.
	What is my personal data, and how can I keep it safe?	How can I find things I need safely on the internet?	How can I be respect people online?	Are people always who they say they are?	What shall I do if someone is pressuring me to do something I don't want to do?	Is everything I see on social media true?

## Mental Health and Well-Being Y1-Y6

PSHE LTP Theme	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
(6) Internet Safety and Harms Digital Lit/ ICT Learning	For most people, the internet is an integral part of life and has many benefits.	Benefits of rationing time spent online, the risks of excessive time spend on devices (positive and negative effects on mental wellbeing).	How to be discerning of consumer information, including that from search engines is ranked, selected and targeted.	How to consider the effect of their online actions on others and know how to recognise and display respectful behaviour online and the importance of keeping personal information private.	For most people, the internet is an integral part of life and has many benefits.  What the internet can also be a negative place where online abuse, trolling, bullying, harassment can take place — negatively affecting mental health.	Why social media, some computer games and online gaming, for example, are age restricted.
	How do people use the internet?	How much time should I spend online?	Is everything I read online true?	How can online behaviour affect people in real life?	How can what I see on the internet affect me?	What are the rules and laws for being online?
(7) Drugs Alcohol and Tobacco	The facts about legal and illegal substances and associated risks including smoking, alcohol use and drug-taking.  (H11) That household products, including medicines, can be harmful if not used properly.	The facts about legal and illegal substances and associated risks including smoking, alcohol use and drug-taking.  (H11) That household products, including medicines, can be harmful if not used properly.	The facts about legal and illegal substances and associated risks including smoking, alcohol use and drug-taking.  (H11) That household products, including medicines, can be harmful if not used properly.	The facts about legal and illegal substances and associated risks including smoking, alcohol use and drug-taking.  (H17) which, why and how, commonly available substances and drugs (in alcohol, tobacco and energy drinks) can damage their immediate health and safety; that some are restricted and illegal to own, use and give to others.	The facts about legal and illegal substances and associated risks including smoking, alcohol use and drug-taking.  (H17) which, why and how, commonly available substances and drugs (in alcohol, tobacco and energy drinks) can damage their immediate health and safety; that some are restricted and illegal to own, use and give to others.	The facts about legal and illegal substances and associated risks including smoking, alcohol use and drug-taking. (H17) which, why and how, commonly available substances and drugs (in alcohol, tobacco and energy drinks) can damage their immediate health and safety; that some are restricted and illegal to own, use and give to others.
	What are harmful substances?	Why do we take medicine and how do we do it safely?	What are harmful substances?	Why is smoking a bad idea?	Is it bad to drink alcohol?	What are legal and illegal drugs?

PSHE LTP Theme	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
(8) Health and Prevention	Personal hygiene and germs including bacteria, viruses and how they are spread. The importance of handwashing.	Dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene and dental flossing, including regular check-ups at the dentist.	Safe and unsafe exposure to the sun, and how to reduce the risk of sun damage, including skin cancer.	The importance of sufficient good quality sleep for good health and that lack of sleep can affect weight, mood and ability to learn.	How to recognise early signs of physical illness, such as weight loss, or unexplained changes to the body.	The facts and science relating to immunisation and vaccination.
	(H6) The importance of, and how to, maintain personal hygiene.	(H1) what constitutes, and how to maintain, a healthy lifestyle (incidental health).	(H1/H2) What positively and negatively affects physical health, how to make informed choices.	(H2) How to make informed choices, recognising that choices can have positive, neutral and negative consequences. 'Balanced lifestyle'	How can I spot illness?	What are immunisations and vaccinations?
	How can I stop germs spreading?	What can I do to keep my teeth clean?	How can I keep my skin safe from the sun?	Am I getting enough sleep?		
Physical Health and Fitness and Healthy Eating	Covered in: Science PE and Active lifestyle encouragement daily Forest Schools	Covered in: Science PE and Active lifestyle encouragement daily Forest Schools	Covered in: Science PE and Active lifestyle encouragement daily Forest Schools	Covered in: Science PE and Active lifestyle encouragement daily Forest Schools	Covered in: Science PE and Active lifestyle encouragement daily Forest Schools	Covered in: Science PE and Active lifestyle encouragement daily Forest Schools

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(9) Mental Wellbeing	That there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear) and scale emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences/situations.	How to recognise and talk about their emotions including having a varied vocabulary of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings.	That mental wellbeing is a normal part of daily life, in the same way as physical health.	The benefits of physical exercise, time outdoors on mental wellbeing and happiness.	That there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear) and scale emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences/situations.	How to judge what they are feeling and how they are.
	(H4) Good and not good feelings, a vocabulary to describe feelings to others and develop strategies for managing feelings.	(R1) To communicate their feelings to others, to recognise how others show feelings and how to respond.	(H2) How to make informed choices (in recognising that choices can have positive, neutral and negative consequences) and to begin to understand the concept of a 'balanced lifestyle.'	(L10) To recognise the role of voluntary, community and pressure groups, especially in relation to health and wellbeing.	(H6) To deepen their understanding of good and not so good feelings, to extend their vocabulary to enable them to explain both the range and intensity of their feelings to others.	(H7) To recognise that they may experience conflicting emotions and when they need to listen to or overcome these.
	What are emotions?	How do I know if I am happy?	What is the difference between physical health and mental health?	How can exercise help my happiness?	How intense are my feelings?	What if my emotions don't make sense?
(10) Mental Wellbeing	Isolation and loneliness can affect children and that it is very important for children to discuss their feelings with an adult and seek support.	That bullying has a negative and often lasting impact on mental wellbeing.	Simple self-care techniques, including the importance of rest, time spent with friends and family and the benefits of hobbies and interests.	Where and how to seek support (triggers for seeking support), including whom in school they should speak to if they are worried about their own or someone else mental health.	Itis common for people to experience ill mental health. For many people who do, the problems can be resolved with the right support, especially if accessed early enough.	The benefits of community participation, voluntary and service-based activity on mental wellbeing and happiness.
	(H4) Good and not good feelings, a vocabulary to describe feelings to others and develop strategies for managing feelings.	(R13) To recognise different types of teasing and bullying, to understand that these are wrong and unacceptable.	(H1) What positively and negatively affects their physical, mental and emotional health?	(H14/2 )To recognise when they need help, develop skills to ask for help and whom to seek support from.	(H14/23) To recognise when they need help, develop skills to ask for help and whom to seek support from.	(L10) To recognise the role of voluntary, community and pressure groups, especially in relation to health and wellbeing.
	How does it feel to be lonely?	Why is teasing people wrong?	What do I do in my own time that makes me happy ?	Who can I speak to if me or someone I know feel unhappy?	Is it common for people to be ill mentally?	How would I feel if I helped in the community?